

Tacoma Narrows Bridge Fund

Sufficient Minimum Balance

Analysis & Recommendations

Commission Regular Meeting
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December 14, 2016



Intent of Analysis

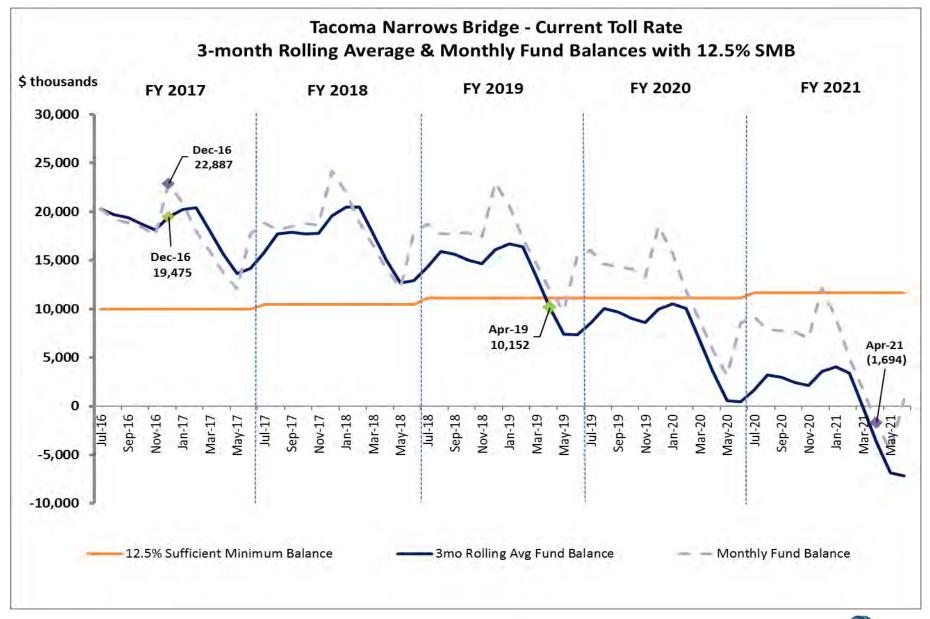
- Assess risks to TNB fund balance
- Determine impacts of changing current SMB
- Identify if lower SMB could provide toll rate relief
- Inform recommendations to Commission
 - Discussion with Legislature & CAC during 2017
 - Update to Commission's SMB policy
 - Rate setting options



SMB FAQs

- The SMB is a target minimum fund balance
 - A tool to protect the TNB fund balance from going negative
 - Not an annual expenditure
 - Part of fund balance for TNB fund not restricted in use
- "Sufficiency Test"
 - Based on 3 month rolling average fund balance
 - Excludes fund balance from Civil Penalty net revenues
- Current SMB = about \$10m (FY 2017)
 - Set at 12.5% of working capital (~45 days)
 - Forecasted at \$10.4m for FY 2018







SMB FAQs

- Commission implemented policy in March 2010, then updated in February 2013
- Account balance has once fallen below the SMB
 - February 2012
 - Commission addressed with FY 2013 rate setting
- Set SMB with input from Office of State Treasurer and Office of the Attorney General
 - SMB a reasonable interpretation of Commission's duty to set tolls at a level sufficient to pay annual expenditures (OAG)
 - Commission set rate lower than OST recommendation



TNB Fund FAQs

- Receives all toll revenue from the Tacoma Narrows Bridge
- Fund balance designated for costs of new (eastbound) TNB:
 - Debt service & fees (via Motor Vehicle Fund)
 - Operations & maintenance
 - Costs of tolling
- Beginning fund balances:
 - FY 2017 (July 2016): \$20,267,000
 - FY 2018 (July 2017 projected): \$18,367,000
- No related reserve fund(s) for the Tacoma Narrows Bridge





Assessing Risks: Forecasts

Costs

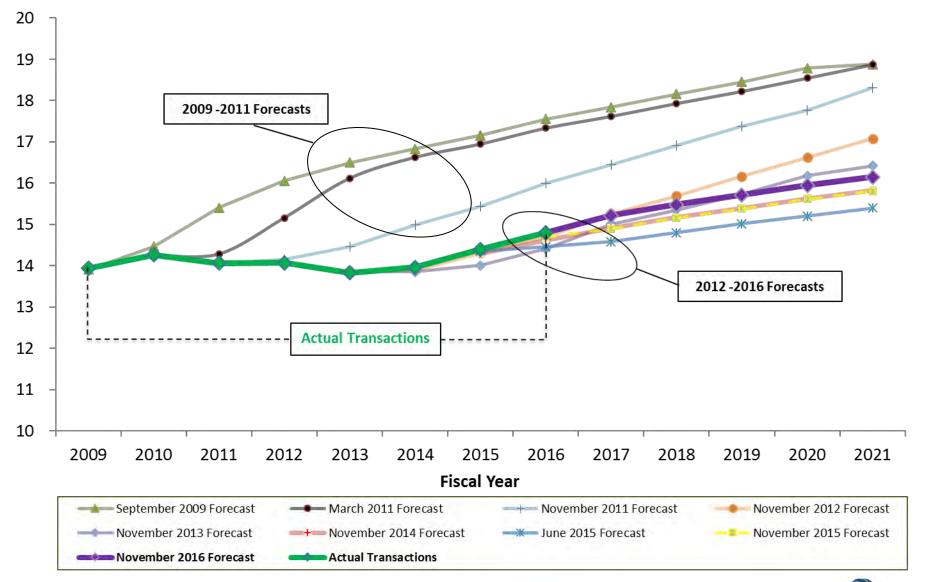
- Debt service unlikely to differ from expectations
- Other costs are more less certain, with varying impacts to fund balance
 - Customer service center system replacement costs

Traffic & Revenue

- 2009-2011: Forecasts exceeded actuals
 - Initial implementation
 - Economic "Great Recession"
- 2012-Present: Actuals consistently meeting or beating forecasts



Actual and Forecasted Annual Eastbound Toll Transactions on TNB (in millions)







Assessing Risks: Revenue Recovery

- SMB one of several tools to maintain or recover fund balance
 - Commission action to raise toll rates
 - Time necessary to coordinate and implement
 - Not a lump sum of revenue
 - Not effective if tolled bridge fully closed
 - Impacts rate payers and local businesses
 - Motor Vehicle Fund loan, if balance negative
 - Future TNB Fund revenue would repay the loan, with interest (variable)
 - No legislative or Commission action needed, but considered a last resort by state
 - Poor impression with bond holders
 - Transfer (grant) of funds to TNB Fund by Legislature
 - No obligation to transfer funds
 - Insurance for loss of revenue





Insurance Analysis - Summary

Insurance coverage requires loss of revenue to result from physical damage

Elements of Insurance	Risk to Fund Balance		
Coverage:	Significant. No coverage for loss of revenue from recessions.		
Business Interruption (BI)	Coverage requires loss of revenue from physical damage to or		
• Contingent BI (CBI)	near bridge (within 5 miles).		
Length of Coverage	Low . Length of coverage long enough to act on other revenue		
• BI: 365 days	recovery options, if necessary (ex.: rate increase or fund		
• CBI: 146 days	transfer).		
 Coverage Limits BI: Est. Adj. Annual Revenue CBI: \$25 million 	Low . Coverage limits currently reflect anticipated revenue during the length of coverage.		
Deductible • \$10 million	Moderate (BI) – High (CBI). \$10 million equates to about 14% or 48 days of anticipated annual toll revenue (FY 2017).		
Payments / Cash Flow	Moderate (BI) – High (CBI). Insurance payments would be		
 Reimbursements 	delayed for deductible and insurer's approval process.		

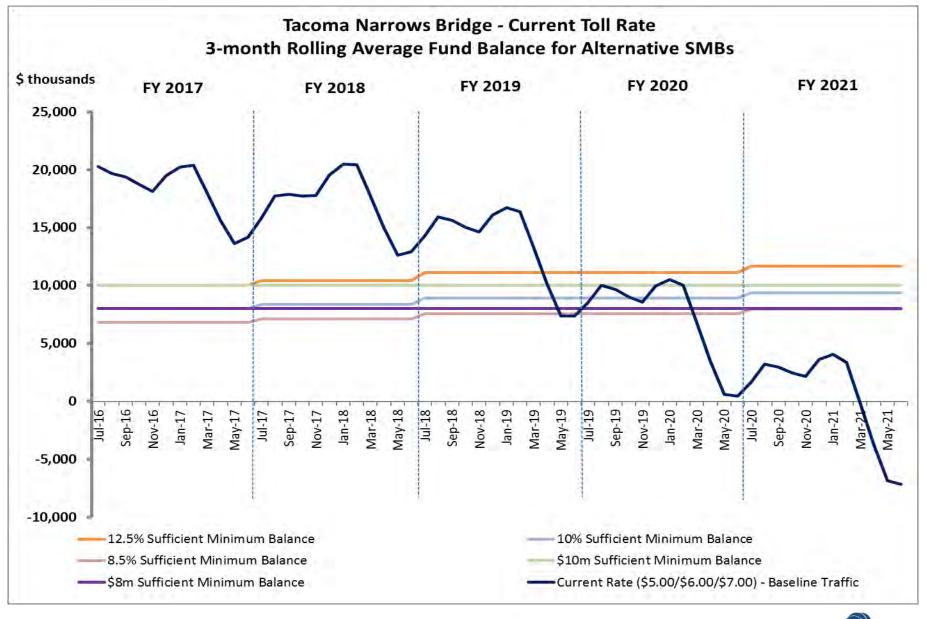


SMB Alternatives

- Selected four alternatives to current 12.5% SMB
- Based alternatives on risk assessment and input from Commission's Tolling Subcommittee
- Continue with 3-month rolling fund balance measure
- Values based on Nov 2016 TNB Financial Plan

Alternative SMB Rates & Values								
		SMB as % of Working Capital			SMB as Flat Value			
	Lowest Monthly Fund Balance	12.5% (~45 days)	10% (~36 days)	8.5% (~30 days)	\$10m	\$8m		
FY 2018	\$ 10,406,000	\$ 10,438,000	\$ 8,350,000	\$ 7,098,000	\$ 10,000,000	\$ 8,000,000		
FY 2019	\$ 4,744,000	\$ 11,138,000	\$ 8,911,000	\$ 7,574,000	\$ 10,000,000	\$ 8,000,000		
FY 2020	\$ (2,183,000)	\$ 11,141,000	\$ 8,913,000	\$ 7,576,000	\$ 10,000,000	\$ 8,000,000		
FY 2021	\$ (9,878,000)	\$ 11,682,000	\$ 9,345,000	\$ 7,944,000	\$ 10,000,000	\$ 8,000,000		





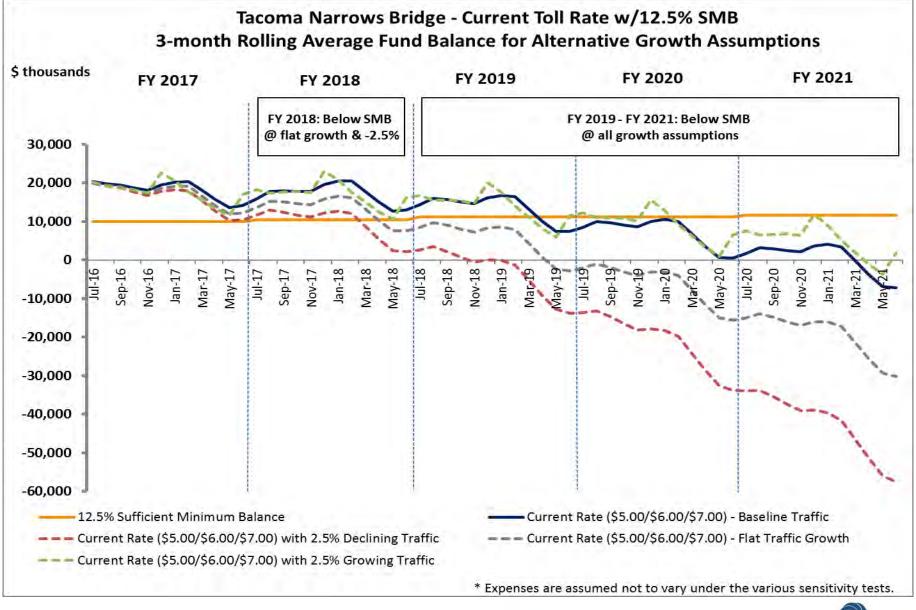


Alternative SMB Scenarios – Sensitivity Tests

- Tested fund balance with alternative transaction growth rates
 - Assesses likelihood of fund balance remaining above SMB.
 - Most relates to possibility of economic recession
- Tested +/-2.5% annual growth & flat growth
 - Consistent with sensitivity tests used for prior toll rate settings
 - Traffic & revenue forecast tapers
 from 2.8% growth (FY 2017) to 1% in out years.

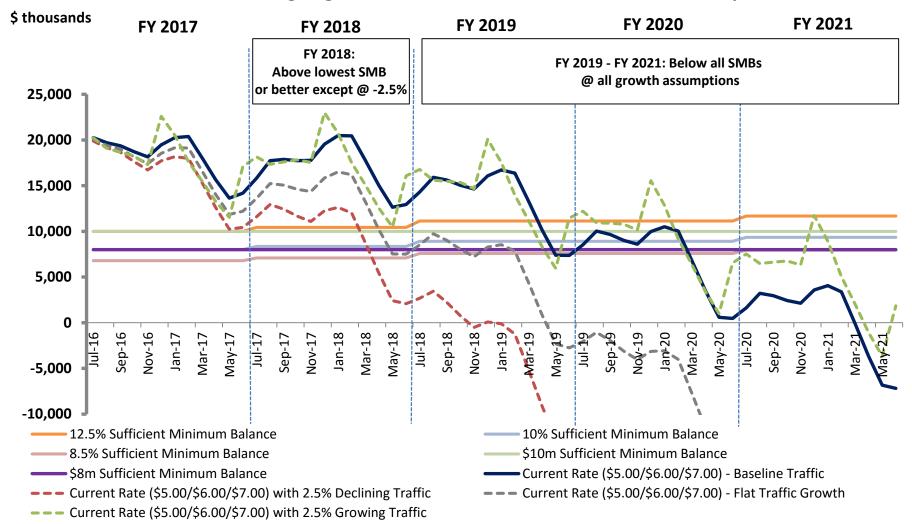
FY	Traffic Volume	Percent Change					
Actuals							
2015	14,391,928	3.1%					
2016	14,800,360	2.8%					
November 2016 Forecast							
2017	15,215,000	2.8%					
2018	15,482,000	1.8%					







Tacoma Narrows Bridge - Current Toll Rate w/SMB Options 3-month Rolling Avg. Fund Balance for Alternative Growth Assumptions



^{*} Expenses are assumed not to vary under the various sensitivity tests.



Lower SMB: Rate Impacts

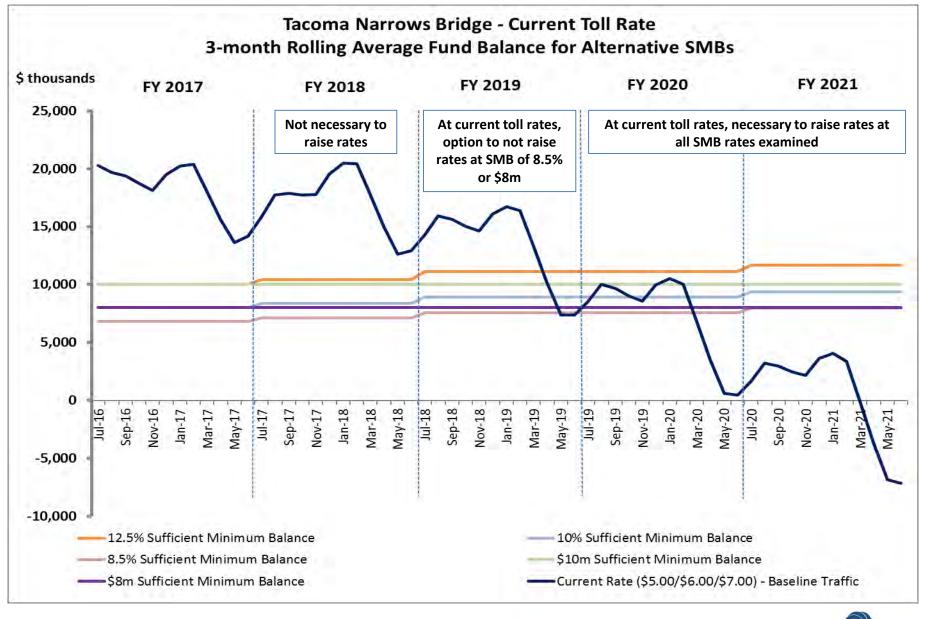
Benefits

- Lower or deferred rate increase possible for initial rate-setting
 - Assumes greater use of existing fund balance to pay costs during FY(s) of rate cycle
- Helps address concern that TNB fund balance too high

Risks

- Does not change costs necessary to be paid by TNB fund
- Increases likelihood loss of revenue event results in:
 - future rate increase or need for other revenues
 - possible interests costs from loan for a negative balance
- Carrying lower fund balance may require higher toll rates than otherwise necessary at end of debt service commitment (FY 2030)







SMB Policy: Additional Considerations

- Policy not aligned with current insurance coverage
 - Policy references 10 day waiting period deductible, which was removed (FY 2015)
 - Add reference to current \$10 million deductible and coverage limits
- Rate Adjustment Trigger clarifications
 - Current policy: "rate setting process <u>will be triggered</u> if there is a significant risk that <u>the actual SMB</u> will fall below the established target."
 - Could allow Commission <u>option of</u> triggering rate setting process
 - "Actual SMB" better stated as "three month rolling average fund balance"



SMB Policy Recommendations

- Set SMB at \$10 million
 - Ensures coverage for insurance deductible
 - Covers largest expected monthly use of fund balance
 - Maintains SMB at current value
- Alternatives to \$10 million
 - Alt. 1: Set at 10% of working capital. SMB value would grow to nearly \$10 million by FY 2021.
 - Alt. 2: Set at \$8 million and accept risk of potentially relying on \$2 million from alternative source, or toll rate increase.
- Further update SMB policy language:
 - Align with current insurance deductible
 - Clarify the rate adjustment trigger



Other Recommendations

- Consider including Civil Penalty net revenue when calculating SMB sufficiency
 - Reduces pressure for rate increase
- Work with Legislature on toll rate relief
 - Options to reduce costs paid by TNB fund
 - Options to reduce reliance on SMB for maintaining/recovering fund balance
- Consider no FY 2018 toll rate increase; explore option of increase for FY 2019
 - Fund balance below SMB at current toll rates in FY 2019 & FY 2020
 - Projected negative balance in FY 2021



Proposed Decision Timeline

- Dec 2016: Commission selects preferred SMB option(s)
 - No change to policy at this time
- Dec 2016/Jan 2017: Submit to Legislature for input & engage CAC
 - Support informed discussion of financing options with Legislature
- TBD 2017/2018: Date for Potential Change to Commission's SMB Policy
 - Enables decision with stakeholder input and more updated traffic trends and costs

